

THE COMMUNITY COMMITMENT

PROVIDING A SAFETY NET TO AMERICA'S SOCIAL SAFETY NET

FACT SHEET - NEW YORK

MAY 2013

THE SITUATION - NATIONAL

Funding for social service programs is at an all-time low without any relief in sight. At the same time, the number of people accessing these programs continues to rise. The Budget Control Act (BCA), passed in January 2013, takes aim to reduce the federal deficit by cutting spending nearly \$1.6 trillion. Additionally, "Sequestration" went into effect in March 2013 mandating \$85.3 billion in budget cuts in 2013 and an additional \$109.3 billion each year for the next eight years. Of the \$85.3 billion 2013 cuts, half will come from the non-defense budgeted programs including those for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) and low income housing. (Center on Budget and Policy Priorities, 2011-2013)

WHO IS IMPACTED?

Public assistance programs offer vital support to the most vulnerable populations in American which include (US Census Bureau, 2011):

- Disadvantaged, low income families (146.4 million)
- Seniors (42 million) and Grandfamilies (6.7 million)
- Individuals with Disabilities (46 million)
- Chronic and/or critically ill (133 million)

WHAT SERVICES AND PROGRAMS ARE BEING IMPACTED?

The programs cut most severely include those vital support services for the nation's most vulnerable populations. The program categories impacted include (but are not limited to):

- **Food** – WIC, senior nutrition, food banks, etc.
- **Education** – IEP support, after-school programs, etc.
- **Legal** – Adoption and guardianship programs, etc.
- **Housing** – shelter, affordable housing, etc.
- **Social Supports** – family counseling, crisis outreach, etc.
- **Employment** – training, placement, etc.

THE SITUATION – THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Along with federal budget cuts, states are cutting budgets in several areas including public assistance and social safety net programs. The State of New York resolved a \$49.3 billion shortfall in FY 2009-2013 by cutting funding across multiple programs including: K-12 Education (\$2.0 billion), Higher Education (\$364.0 million), Public Assistance (\$46.0 million), and Medicaid (\$280.0 million). New York State's FY 2013-2014 budget closes a \$1.3 billion budget shortfall and holds spending growth to less than 2 percent. The budget will raise the minimum wage to \$9.00 over the course of two years; creates more than 14,300 affordable housing units; extends higher tax rates for millionaires and tax breaks for the middle class; and, cuts \$90 million in funding for service providers for the developmentally disabled, so the state can fill a \$500 million deficit that occurred due to Medicaid overbilling for some services provided to this population. According to the state, it will save \$2.3 billion per year through expansion of Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act. The recession continues to affect New York with median wages falling 5.3% from 2006 to 2012, twice the national rate, and poverty rates increasing in major upstate cities, where over half of all children in Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Schenectady live in poverty. In addition to state budget cuts, federal budget cuts are going to put New York's most vulnerable residents at higher risk for negative impacts. (Fiscal Survey of States; Center on Budget and Policy Priorities; Economic Policy Institute)

WHO IS IMPACTED?

Public assistance programs offer vital support to the most vulnerable populations in American which include (US Census Bureau, 2011):

- Disadvantaged, low income families (3.1 million)
- Seniors (2.6 million) and Grandfamilies (430,430)
- Individuals with Disabilities (2.1 million)
- Chronic and/or critically ill (10.5 million)

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- **Food** – WIC, senior nutrition, food banks, etc.
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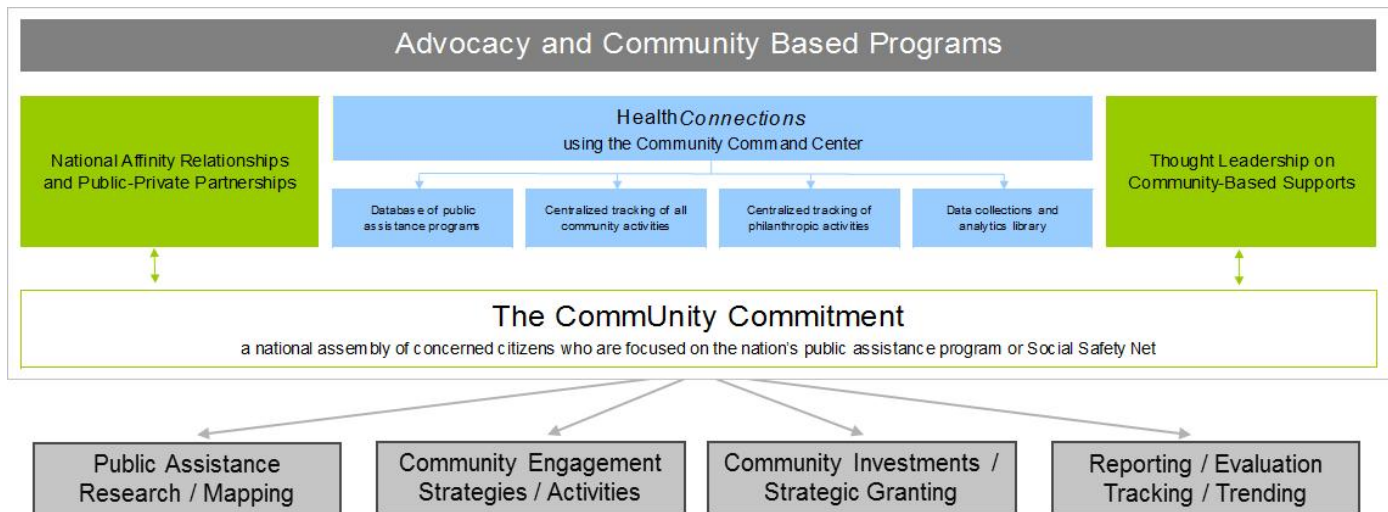
THE RESPONSE

The Social Safety Net is struggling amidst federal and state budget cuts and increased demand for assistance. While private funders have increased their efforts to support public assistance programs, the Social Safety Net is being stretched further than capacity. Public health stakeholders are working locally to create community-based solutions and advocates seek national changes all to reinforce the fabric of public assistance programs.

The CommUnity Commitment is a national assembly of concerned citizens and organizations convened by WellCare Health Plans Inc. in partnership with the National Association of Area Agencies on Aging. The focus of The CommUnity Commitment is to build a comprehensive Social Safety Net resource map through which gaps and risks for gaps are identified. Then, using a locally based community health planning council structure, The CommUnity Commitment focuses on adopting evidence-based community-identified methods for filling those gaps when the need is clearly quantified. The CommUnity Commitment is comprised of public health stakeholders, policymakers, employers and other business representatives as well as other community and civic leaders.

Additional action is required.

WellCare has created a dedicated department to focus on this issue and support The CommUnity Commitment in its efforts to provide a safety net to America's Social Safety Net. Through WellCare's Advocacy and Community Based Programs department, WellCare is focused on linking health outcomes with public health principles – what we call **Managed Public Health** and quantify this positive impact this will help on our members and their communities.



Linking Social Services with Health Outcomes

- Assembling data on the social service network in all states (by zip code).
- Assessing the viability of the social service network in all states.
- Preparing resource analytics to identify social service gaps.
- Implementing community-based, gap-fill solutions.
- Measuring impact of social supports on health.